Reciprocity Agreements and Underlying Authority

There are different sources of authority, including international treaties and state and federal laws, which govern the operation of commercial and non-commercial vehicles by persons licensed in foreign countries. The licenses of residents of foreign countries that are considered valid are listed below. An international driving permit is not required. For licenses that are not in English, an interpreter may be required to determine the license's validity.

Courts and law enforcement should not seize and destroy foreign drivers' licenses pursuant to section 625g of the Michigan Vehicle Code.

1943 Convention on the Regulation of Inter-American Automotive Traffic

Residents of countries that are signatories to the 1943 Convention may drive in this country if they have a valid **non-commercial** or **commercial** driver's license issued by their country of residence or an authorized political subdivision of that country. These countries include:

Mexico Honduras Brazil Nicaragua Colombia Panama Costa Rica Uruguay

El Salvador

1949 Convention on Road Traffic

Residents of countries that are signatories to the 1949 Convention may drive in this country if they have a valid **non-commercial** driver's license issued by their country of residence. These countries include:

Albania	Central African Rep.	France	Italy
Algeria	Chile	Gambia	Jamaica
Argentina	China (Taiwan)	Georgia	Japan
Australia	Congo	Ghana	Jordan
Austria	Congo Democratic Rep.	Greece	Korea
Bahamas	Cote d'Ivoire	Grenada	Kyrgyz Rep.
Bangladesh	Cuba	Guatemala	Laos
Barbados	Cyprus	Guyana	Lebanon
Belgium	Czech Rep.	Haiti	Lesotho
Belize	Denmark	Hong Kong	Luxembourg
Benin	Dominican Rep.	Hungary	Macao
Botswana	Ecuador	Iceland	Madagascar
Bulgaria	Egypt	India	Malawi
Cambodia	Fiji	Ireland	Malaysia
Canada	Finland	Israel	Mali

Malta Poland Singapore Trinidad & Tobago
Mauritius Portugal Slovak Rep. Tunisia
Monaco Romania South Africa Turkey

MonacoRomaniaSouth AfricaTurkeyMoroccoRussian FederationSpainUgandaNamibiaRwandaSri LankaUnited KingdomNetherlandsSt. LuciaSurinameVatican City

Vatican City New Zealand St. Vincent & the Grenadines Swaziland Venezuela Niger San Marino Sweden Vietnam Rep. Norway Senegal Syrian Arab Rep. Western Samoa Papua New Guinea Serbia and Montenegro Tanzania Yugoslavia Sevchelles Thailand Zambia Paraguay Sierra Leone Zimbabwe Peru Togo

Philippines

Commercial Drivers' Licenses Issued by Canada and Mexico

If a driver has a valid <u>commercial</u> driver's license issued by <u>Canada</u> or <u>Mexico</u>, the license must be honored as required by federal law (see 49 USC 31301 *et seq.* and 49 CFR 383.23).

Special Reciprocity Agreements with France and Germany

Pursuant to MCL 257.302a(2) of the Michigan Vehicle Code, the Secretary of State has determined that the standards for licensing operators in France and Germany correspond substantially to those of the State of Michigan. Therefore, reciprocal driving privileges were extended to France, effective January 4, 1991, and to Germany, effective November 10, 1997. Persons holding valid driver licenses issued by France or Germany may operate passenger vehicles in Michigan on such licenses, if they are not receiving compensation for such operation. The privileges extended to France and Germany have not been withdrawn.

If you have any questions, please contact the Michigan Department of State, Bureau of Regulatory Services at (517) 241-8322.